THE ABC S OF LGBT ENGLISH EDITION Workbook

The ABCs of LGBT English Edition: A Comprehensive Guide to Understanding LGBTQ+ Terminology and Concepts

Understanding the diverse spectrum of LGBTQ+ identities and issues is essential in fostering an inclusive and respectful society. The **ABCs of LGBT English Edition** serves as an accessible and informative resource, breaking down complex concepts into easy-to-understand language. Whether you are new to LGBTQ+ topics or seeking to deepen your knowledge, this guide offers valuable insights into the terminology, history, and cultural significance of the community.

Introduction to the ABCs of LGBT

The term "ABCs" symbolizes the foundational knowledge needed to understand and support LGBTQ+ individuals. This guide aims to demystify common terms, explore historical milestones, and highlight the importance of inclusivity. Throughout this article, you'll find definitions, explanations, and practical tips to navigate conversations about sexuality, gender identity, and social issues.

The Importance of Understanding LGBTQ+ Terminology

Knowledge of LGBTQ+ terminology helps promote empathy, reduce misconceptions, and foster respectful communication. It also empowers individuals to advocate for equality and challenge discrimination.

Why learning the ABCs matters:

- Builds awareness of diverse identities
- Promotes respectful dialogue
- Supports mental health and wellbeing of LGBTQ+ individuals
- Enhances allyship and advocacy efforts

Core Concepts and Definitions

Understanding the basic terms is the first step toward becoming an informed ally. Below are some of the most common words and phrases within the LGBTQ+ community.

Gender Identity

- Definition: An individual's deeply-felt internal experience of gender, which may or may not align with their sex assigned at birth.
- Examples: Man, woman, non-binary, genderqueer, agender.

Sex Assigned at Birth

- Definition: The classification of people as male, female, or intersex based on physical anatomy at birth.

Sexual Orientation

- Definition: An enduring emotional, romantic, or sexual attraction to other people.
- Common orientations:
- Lesbian
- Gay
- Bisexual
- Asexual
- Pansexual

Key Terms to Know

- LGBTQ+: An umbrella term for lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer/questioning, and other diverse identities.
- Queer: A reclaimed word used to describe a broad spectrum of non-heterosexual and non-cisgender identities.
- Questioning: Individuals exploring their sexual orientation or gender identity.
- Intersex: People born with physical sex characteristics that do not fit typical definitions of male or female.

Common LGBTQ+ Identities

Understanding the variety of identities helps foster inclusivity and respect.

Sexual Identities

- Lesbian: Women attracted to women.
- Gay: Men attracted to men; sometimes used broadly.
- Bisexual: Attraction to more than one gender.
- Pansexual: Attraction regardless of gender.
- Asexual: Lack of sexual attraction.
- Demisexual: Attraction only after forming a strong emotional connection.

Gender Identities

- Transgender: Someone whose gender identity differs from their sex assigned at birth.
- Non-binary: Gender identity outside the binary categories of male and female.
- Genderqueer: Rejecting conventional gender distinctions.
- Agender: Having no gender or a neutral gender identity.
- Bigender: Identifying with two genders simultaneously.

Important Concepts in LGBTQ+ Culture and Rights

Beyond terminology, understanding cultural and social issues is key to supporting the community.

Historical Milestones

- Stonewall Riots (1969): Catalyst for the modern LGBTQ+ rights movement.
- Legalization of Same-Sex Marriage: Varies by country, with significant milestones in the US (2015) and other nations.
- Queer Rights Movements: Ongoing efforts for anti-discrimination laws, healthcare, and social acceptance.

Legal and Social Challenges

- Discrimination and stigma in various societies.
- Lack of legal protections in some regions.
- Violence and hate crimes targeting LGBTQ+ individuals.
- Barriers to healthcare and employment.

Progress and Advocacy

- Pride parades and visibility campaigns.

- Advocacy organizations like GLAAD, the Human Rights Campaign, and ILGA World.
- International efforts to decriminalize homosexuality and promote equality.

Practical Tips for Being an Ally

Supporting the LGBTQ+ community involves ongoing education, active listening, and respectful action.

Ways to be an effective ally:

- Educate Yourself: Use resources like this guide to learn about terminology and issues.
- Use Correct Pronouns: Respect individuals? preferred pronouns (he/him, she/her, they/them, etc.).
- Challenge Discrimination: Speak out against homophobia, transphobia, and other forms of prejudice.
- Support Inclusive Policies: Advocate for anti-discrimination laws and inclusive practices at work and in schools.
- Amplify LGBTQ+ Voices: Share stories and support organizations that promote LGBTQ+ rights.
- Create Safe Spaces: Foster environments where LGBTQ+ individuals feel accepted and respected.

Frequently Asked Questions About the ABCs of LGBTQ+

Why is it called the "ABCs" of LGBTQ+?

It signifies the foundational knowledge or basic understanding needed to navigate LGBTQ+ topics confidently, similar to learning the alphabet.

How can I stay updated with evolving terminology?

Follow reputable LGBTQ+ organizations, read current literature, and listen to community voices to stay informed about language and issues.

What should I do if I make a mistake with pronouns or terminology?

Apologize sincerely, correct yourself, and move forward without undue embarrassment. Learning is an ongoing process.

Is it necessary to disclose my own identity when discussing LGBTQ+ topics?

Not at all. Respect privacy and focus on being an informed ally. Sharing your identity is a personal choice.

Conclusion: Embracing the ABCs for a More Inclusive Future

The **ABCs of LGBT English Edition** provides the essential building blocks to understand and support LGBTQ+ individuals and issues. By familiarizing yourself with key terms, historical context, and cultural challenges, you can become a more empathetic and effective ally. Remember, knowledge fosters respect, and respect fosters acceptance. As society continues to evolve, staying informed and compassionate is vital in creating a world where everyone can live authentically and without fear of discrimination.

Resources for Further Learning

- Books: Gender Outlaw by Kate Bornstein, The ABCs of LGBTQ+ by Ashley Mardell
- Websites:
- GLAAD (www.glaad.org)
- Human Rights Campaign (www.hrc.org)
- PFLAG (www.pflag.org)
- Support Groups:
- Local LGBTQ+ centers
- Online forums and communities

By embracing the ABCs of LGBTQ+ understanding, we contribute to a more inclusive, respectful, and loving society.

The ABCs of LGBT English Edition is an essential educational resource that aims to introduce readers to the fundamental concepts, terminologies, and histories associated with the LGBTQ+ community. Designed for beginners and those seeking a comprehensive overview, this book endeavors to demystify complex topics and foster understanding and acceptance. In this review, we will explore the content, structure, strengths, and areas for improvement of this edition, providing a detailed assessment for prospective readers.

Overview of The ABCs of LGBT English Edition

The ABCs of LGBT English Edition functions as an alphabetically structured guide, making it accessible and easy to navigate. By aligning key concepts with each letter of the alphabet, it creates an intuitive learning pathway that appeals to a wide audience, including students, educators, allies, and members of the LGBTQ+ community.

The book covers a broad spectrum of topics?from basic definitions and historical milestones to contemporary issues and cultural nuances. Its primary goal is to serve as both an educational primer and a resource that promotes inclusivity and informed dialogue.

Content and Structure

Alphabetical Approach

The core feature of this edition is its alphabetical format. Each letter introduces a specific term, concept, or individual pertinent to LGBTQ+ topics. For example, "A" may cover "Asexuality," "B" might delve into "Bisexuality," and "G" could focus on "Gender Identity." This structure simplifies complex topics, making them approachable for readers unfamiliar with LGBTQ+ terminology.

Coverage of Topics

The book's scope is broad, encompassing:

- Definitions of sexual orientations (e.g., gay, lesbian, bisexual, asexual)
- Gender identities and expressions (e.g., transgender, non-binary, genderqueer)
- Key historical figures and milestones (e.g., Stonewall Riots, Harvey Milk)
- Important concepts like allyship, intersectionality, and pride
- Social issues such as discrimination, legal rights, and mental health
- Cultural representations in media, arts, and literature

This comprehensive coverage ensures that readers gain a well-rounded understanding of the community's diversity and history.

Strengths of The ABCs of LGBT English Edition

- User-Friendly Design: The alphabetical layout makes it easy to locate specific topics quickly, which is particularly beneficial for educational settings or quick reference.

- Clear and Concise Definitions: The language used is accessible, avoiding overly technical jargon while still conveying accurate information?a balance that caters to a broad audience.

- Diverse Representation: The book emphasizes inclusivity by highlighting various identities, experiences, and cultural perspectives within the LGBTQ+ spectrum.

- Educational Value: It serves as an excellent introductory resource, making it suitable for schools, community centers, and personal learning.

- Visual Aids: The inclusion of charts, illustrations, and photographs enhances understanding and engagement, especially for visual learners.

- Resource Appendices: Additional materials such as glossary, recommended reading, and links to support organizations add value for readers seeking further information.

Areas for Improvement

While the book excels in many areas, there are certain aspects that could be refined:

- Depth of Content: Given its beginner-friendly approach, some topics may lack the depth needed for advanced learners or those seeking detailed analysis.

- Cultural Scope: Although it aims for inclusivity, most examples and references tend to focus on Western contexts, potentially overlooking global perspectives and experiences.

- Updating Content: As social attitudes and legal landscapes evolve rapidly, periodic updates are necessary to keep the information current, especially regarding legal rights and social issues.

- Representation of Intersex and Asexual Spectrums: While these are addressed, they sometimes receive less detailed treatment compared to other topics, which might leave some readers wanting more comprehensive information.

- Interactive Elements: Incorporating quizzes, discussion prompts, or case studies could enhance engagement and facilitate deeper learning.

Pros and Cons Summary

Pros:

- Accessible, easy-to-navigate structure
- Broad and inclusive coverage of topics
- Clear, understandable language
- Visual aids enhance comprehension
- Useful resource for newcomers and educators

Cons:

- Limited depth for advanced readers
- Predominantly Western-centric perspectives
- Needs regular updates to reflect current developments
- Less focus on intersex and asexuality nuances
- Could benefit from interactive educational features

Target Audience and Usage Recommendations

The ABCs of LGBT English Edition is ideally suited for:

- Students beginning their exploration of LGBTQ+ topics
- Educators developing inclusive curricula
- Allies seeking to expand their understanding
- Community organizations offering awareness programs
- Individuals seeking a gentle, approachable introduction

For optimal use, readers should consider supplementing this resource with more detailed texts, personal narratives, and current news to gain a comprehensive perspective on ongoing issues.

Conclusion

In summary, the ABCs of LGBT English Edition stands out as a thoughtfully crafted, accessible primer that effectively introduces key concepts related to the LGBTQ+ community. Its alphabetized format simplifies learning and makes it an excellent starting point for anyone interested in understanding the diverse identities, histories, and social issues surrounding LGBTQ+ life. While it could benefit from deeper content and broader cultural inclusion, its strengths in clarity, organization, and visual engagement make it a valuable resource.

For those new to LGBTQ+ topics or looking for a reliable, easy-to-understand guide, this edition offers a solid foundation upon which further knowledge can be built. As societal conversations around gender and sexuality continue to evolve, resources like this play a crucial role in fostering

empathy, education, and social change.

QuestionAnswer What is 'The ABCs of LGBT: English Edition' about? 'The ABCs of LGBT: English Edition' is a beginner-friendly guide that introduces readers to key terms, concepts, and history related to LGBT topics in an accessible and educational way. Who is the target audience for 'The ABCs of LGBT: English Edition'? The book is aimed at newcomers to LGBT topics, including allies, students, educators, and anyone interested in understanding LGBTQ+ identities and issues. What topics are covered in 'The ABCs of LGBT: English Edition'? It covers a wide range of topics including vocabulary related to gender and sexuality, historical milestones, notable figures, and issues facing the LGBT community. How can 'The ABCs of LGBT: English Edition' help promote inclusivity? By providing clear definitions and explanations, the book helps foster understanding and respect, making it a useful tool for promoting inclusivity and reducing stereotypes. Is 'The ABCs of LGBT: English Edition' suitable for young readers? Yes, the book is designed to be age-appropriate and educational, making it suitable for young readers and students learning about LGBT topics. Does the book include historical context about the LGBT movement? Yes, it provides brief overviews of important moments, milestones, and figures in the history of the LGBT rights movement. Are there illustrations or visual aids in 'The ABCs of LGBT: English Edition'? Many editions include illustrations and visual aids to help clarify concepts and make the content more engaging, especially for younger readers. How can educators incorporate 'The ABCs of LGBT: English Edition' into their curriculum? Educators can use it as a resource for lessons on diversity, inclusion, and social studies, helping students build awareness and empathy. What makes 'The ABCs of LGBT: English Edition' different from other LGBTQ+ books? Its focus on being an accessible, easy-to-understand introduction using the alphabet format makes it especially suitable for beginners and young audiences. Where can I purchase 'The ABCs of LGBT: English Edition'? The book is available through major online retailers, bookstores, and sometimes in libraries, making it easy to access for interested readers.

Related keywords: LGBTQ, sexuality, gender identity, alphabet, inclusive language, queer terminology, LGBTQ rights, coming out, gender spectrum, LGBTQ history

An introduction to english language

An Introduction to English Language

The English language is one of the most widely spoken and influential languages in the world today. From global business and international diplomacy to entertainment and technology, English serves as a vital communication tool across countless domains. Understanding the roots, development, and characteristics of the English language is essential for learners, educators, linguists, and anyone

interested in global communication. This comprehensive guide aims to provide an insightful introduction to the English language, exploring its history, structure, global significance, and future trends.

Historical Background of the English Language

The Origins of English

English is a Germanic language that originated in early medieval England. Its roots can be traced back to the Anglo-Saxon tribes?Angles, Saxons, and Jutes?that migrated to the British Isles around the 5th century AD. The language spoken by these tribes formed the basis of Old English.

The Evolution Through Ages

The history of English is marked by several distinct periods:

- **Old English (c. 450?1150 AD):** Characterized by Germanic roots, Old English was heavily influenced by Norse invaders and Latin church influence.
- **Middle English (c. 1150?1500 AD):** Marked by Norman conquest in 1066, which introduced Norman French vocabulary and grammar influences.
- **Early Modern English (c. 1500?1700 AD):** The Renaissance brought a revival of classical learning, expanding vocabulary and standardizing spelling and grammar.
- **Modern English (1700 AD to present):** The language continued to evolve with colonial expansion, technological advances, and globalization, leading to the diverse forms of English spoken today.

The Role of Literary and Cultural Influences

English literature, from Geoffrey Chaucer?s Canterbury Tales to William Shakespeare?s plays and modern authors like J.K. Rowling, has significantly shaped the language?s development. Cultural exchanges through colonization, trade, and diplomacy have also contributed to the vocabulary and idiomatic expressions in English.

The Structure and Features of the English Language

Phonology and Pronunciation

English phonology includes a wide range of vowel and consonant sounds. The pronunciation varies significantly across different regions and accents, which adds to the language's richness but also presents challenges for learners.

Vocabulary and Lexicon

English boasts one of the largest vocabularies among languages, with estimates ranging from 150,000 to over a million words, considering technical and scientific terms. This extensive lexicon is a result of:

- Borrowings from Latin, French, Greek, and other languages
- Coining of new terms during technological and scientific advancements
- Slang and colloquialisms evolving over time

Grammar and Syntax

English grammar is characterized by:

- Relatively simple verb conjugation compared to other languages
- Use of auxiliary verbs for tense and aspect (e.g., be, have, do)
- Flexible word order, with Subject-Verb-Object being standard
- Extensive use of prepositions and articles

Writing System

English uses the Latin alphabet, consisting of 26 letters. Its orthography (spelling system) can be complex due to historical spelling conventions, silent letters, and irregular pronunciation rules.

The Global Significance of the English Language

English as a Global Lingua Franca

Today, English is regarded as the world?s primary lingua franca?an auxiliary language used for international communication. It is the official or working language in over 50 countries and widely used in international organizations like the United Nations and the International Olympic Committee.

English in Business and Commerce

English dominates international business, finance, and trade. Many multinational corporations operate primarily in English, and proficiency is often a prerequisite for global career opportunities.

English in Science, Technology, and Education

A significant portion of scientific research, technological development, and academic publications are in English. Universities worldwide offer courses in English to attract international students.

English in Media and Entertainment

English-language media, including movies, music, television, and literature, have a global reach. Hollywood films, English pop music, and online streaming platforms have popularized the language worldwide.

English on the Internet and Social Media

English is the dominant language on the internet, accounting for a large percentage of online content. Social media platforms facilitate global interaction primarily in English, further fostering its universal status.

Learning and Teaching the English Language

Why Learn English?

Learning English offers numerous benefits:

- Access to a vast amount of information and educational resources
- Enhanced employability and career prospects
- Ability to communicate with people worldwide
- Participation in global culture and entertainment

Methods of Learning English

Effective approaches include:

- Classroom instruction with trained teachers
- Online courses and language learning apps
- Immersive experiences through travel and cultural exchange
- Practice with native speakers or language exchange partners

Challenges in Learning English

Some common difficulties faced by learners are:

- Complex spelling and pronunciation rules
- Irregular verb forms
- Idiomatic expressions and phrasal verbs
- Regional accents and dialects

The Future of the English Language

Emerging Trends

English continues to evolve with technological innovations:

- Increased influence of digital communication and social media
- Emergence of new slang and internet vernacular
- Globalization leading to more diverse accents and dialects
- Integration of loanwords from other languages due to cultural exchange

Potential Challenges

As the language grows, there are concerns about:

- Language homogenization potentially overshadowing regional dialects
- Loss of linguistic diversity
- Difficulty in maintaining standardization across different regions

Conclusion

The English language remains a dynamic and influential means of communication. Its rich history, extensive vocabulary, and widespread use make it an invaluable global asset. Whether for personal growth, academic pursuits, or professional development, learning English opens doors to countless opportunities. As the world continues to embrace globalization and technological innovation, the role of English is poised to expand further, shaping the future of international communication.

Keywords for SEO Optimization:

- Introduction to English language
- History of English
- English language structure
- Global importance of English

- Learn English online
- English language development
- English as a lingua franca
- Benefits of learning English
- Future of the English language
- English language learning tips

Introduction to the English Language: A Comprehensive Overview

The English language, often regarded as the global lingua franca, has a rich history, complex structure, and widespread influence that permeates nearly every corner of the world. As one of the most widely spoken and studied languages today, understanding its fundamentals offers invaluable insights into its role in communication, culture, and international relations. This detailed exploration delves into the origins, evolution, grammatical features, vocabulary, phonetics, and the significance of English in contemporary society.

Historical Background of the English Language

Origins and Early Development

The roots of English trace back over 1,400 years to the Germanic tribes?namely the Angles, Saxons, and Jutes?who migrated to the British Isles around the 5th century AD. These tribes brought with them their languages, which gradually coalesced into what we now call Old English.

Key points about early English:

- Old English (circa 450?1150 AD): Characterized by a complex system of inflections, a vocabulary heavily influenced by Latin and Norse, and a rich oral tradition including epic poetry like Beowulf.
- Influence of Latin and Norse: Latin arrived through Christian missionaries, while Norse influence increased due to Viking invasions, shaping vocabulary and syntax.

Middle English and the Norman Conquest

The Norman Conquest of 1066 marked a pivotal turning point:

- Norman French influence: The ruling class spoke Norman French, which heavily influenced the vocabulary, especially in law, governance, art, and cuisine.
- Language features: Middle English (circa 1150?1500) saw simplification of inflectional endings

and an expansion of vocabulary.

Early Modern English and the Renaissance

From the late 15th to the early 17th century:

- The Renaissance: Brought a revival of classical learning and an influx of Latin and Greek words.
- The printing press: Invented by Johannes Gutenberg, it standardized spelling and grammar, making literature more accessible.
- Notable figures: William Shakespeare and the King James Bible significantly shaped the language.

Modern English and Global Spread

Since the 17th century:

- Colonial expansion: British colonization spread English worldwide.
- Industrial Revolution: Facilitated international trade and communication.
- Contemporary English: Continues to evolve with influences from numerous languages and cultures, especially in the digital age.

Structural Aspects of the English Language

Phonetics and Pronunciation

English phonetics is known for its complexity and variability:

- Consonant and vowel sounds: The language features approximately 24 consonant sounds and around 20 vowel sounds, with many variations.
- Spelling and pronunciation discrepancies: Due to historical influences, English spelling often does not align directly with pronunciation (e.g., though vs. through).

Grammar and Syntax

English grammar, while relatively straightforward compared to some languages, has distinctive features:

- Parts of speech: Nouns, verbs, adjectives, adverbs, pronouns, prepositions, conjunctions, and interjections.
- Sentence structure: Typically follows a Subject-Verb-Object (SVO) order.
- Tenses: Present, past, future, along with perfect and progressive aspects.
- Agreement: Subject-verb agreement in number and person.
- Modifiers: Use of adjectives and adverbs to add detail.

Vocabulary and Lexicon

English boasts an extensive vocabulary, estimated at over a million words:

- Loanwords: Borrowed extensively from Latin, French, Greek, German, and many other languages.
- Synonyms and antonyms: Rich variety of words with nuanced differences, offering precision and expressiveness.
- Neologisms: Continual creation of new words, especially in technology and popular culture.

Unique Features of the English Language

Orthography and Spelling

English spelling can be irregular due to its diverse origins:

- Historical influences: Words retain spellings from older forms or borrowed languages.
- Examples: Knight, psychology, colonel.
- Spelling reforms: There have been proposals but no widespread standardization.

Idioms and Phrasal Verbs

Idiomatic expressions and phrasal verbs are integral:

- Idioms: Phrases whose meanings are not deducible from individual words (e.g., kick the bucket).
- Phrasal verbs: Verb + particle combinations with idiomatic meanings (e.g., look up, give in).

Varieties and Dialects

English manifests in numerous dialects:

- British English: Variations like Cockney, Received Pronunciation.
- American English: Distinct vocabulary and pronunciation.
- Other varieties: Australian, Canadian, Indian English, each with unique features.

The Role of English in the Modern World

Global Lingua Franca

English is the primary language of:

- International diplomacy
- Business and commerce
- Science and technology
- Entertainment and media

English in Education and Research

- Most scientific journals publish in English.
- Universities worldwide offer courses in English.
- English proficiency is often a requirement for international careers.

The Digital Age and English

- Dominance in internet content, social media, and digital communication.
- Emergence of digital slang, memes, and abbreviations, influencing language evolution.

Cultural Impact

- English-language music, films, and literature shape global pop culture.
- Cultural exchange and understanding facilitated through shared language.

Learning and Teaching English

Methods and Approaches

- Traditional grammar-translation

- Communicative language teaching
- Immersive and bilingual approaches
- Use of technology and online platforms

Challenges for Learners

- Irregular spelling and pronunciation
- Idiomatic expressions
- Extensive vocabulary
- Variations in dialects and accents

Resources and Tools

- Language apps (Duolingo, Babbel)
- Online courses and tutorials
- Media and literature in English
- Language exchange programs

Conclusion

The English language remains a dynamic, influential, and complex means of communication. Its history reflects centuries of cultural exchange and adaptation, shaping a language that is both diverse and adaptable. For learners, educators, and global citizens alike, understanding English?s structure, history, and role in society unlocks numerous opportunities for connection, learning, and cultural appreciation. As it continues to evolve in the digital age, English?s significance is poised to grow, cementing its status as a cornerstone of international communication.

In summary, mastering the English language provides access to a vast repository of knowledge, culture, and opportunities. Its rich history and widespread use make it a fascinating subject of study and an essential skill in today?s interconnected world. Whether for academic pursuits, professional advancement, or cultural engagement, an introduction to English opens the door to endless possibilities.

QuestionAnswer What are the key features that define the English language? English is a West Germanic language characterized by a rich vocabulary, extensive use of loanwords, and a flexible grammar system. It is known for its adaptability, widespread global use, and its role as a lingua franca in international communication. How did the English language develop over time? English evolved from the Anglo-Saxon languages brought to Britain by Germanic tribes around the 5th century. It was later influenced by Norman French, Latin, and other languages, leading to the

Modern English we use today. This development spans Old English, Middle English, and Modern English periods. Why is English considered a global language? English is considered a global language because it is the primary or secondary language in many countries, used extensively in international business, science, technology, entertainment, and diplomacy, making it a key tool for global communication. What are the main components of learning the English language? Learning English involves mastering four main components: reading, writing, listening, and speaking. Additionally, understanding grammar, vocabulary, pronunciation, and cultural context are essential for effective communication. How has the internet influenced the spread and evolution of the English language? The internet has accelerated the global spread of English, introduced new slang, abbreviations, and digital communication styles, and facilitated intercultural exchange, thereby continuously shaping and evolving the language in real-time.

Related keywords: English language, language learning, linguistics, grammar, vocabulary, pronunciation, syntax, phonetics, language skills, language history

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